

MOOCs and other Online species — A Lexicon and Overview

by

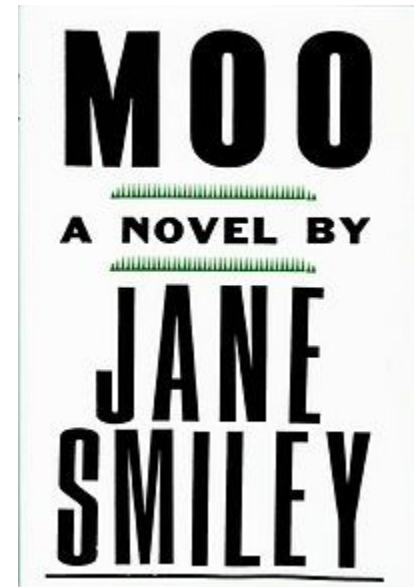
Meera Sitharam

University of Florida

What is a MOOC ?

Choose one

1. A cow's mating call
2. Newest novel by Jane Smiley
3. No one really knows



MOOC

Massively Open Online Course

Backdrop

- Skills shortage
- Cost of higher education



Can MOOCS address these issues?

Massive

- How many enroll? 5,000 – 50,000
- How many drop out? $> 90\%$



OPEN

·What does OPEN mean? Choose one:

- Organization's Ploy to Educate
Nincompoops
- Odd Payments Entitlements Noise
- No one really knows

OPEN

- Free and open course materials for each *student*
- Free and open course materials for *other instructors* (a variety of **tight copyleft** Creative Commons type licenses)
- Open source Platform (also with a variety of licenses) [*Student quiz performance data visible only to instructor, IP address invisible, hosted on the cloud – security level announced upfront*]
- Open “brand” – membership cooperative: examples of “closed/exclusive brand” edX

OPEN

- (1) Free and open course materials for each student
- (2) Free and open course materials for other instructors
- (3) Open source Platform
- (4) Open membership cooperative

Pearson/Harcourt online -- None

Coursera/Udacity - 1

Khan Academy 1, 2

AOPS (alcumus) 1, 2

EdX 1, 3

CodeAcademy/AppInventor -- 1, 2, 3, 4

MIT AppInventor 1, 2, 3, 4

Online (distance only)

Four types of online (distance only) paradigms:

(1) Web-based textbooks with web assignments

(2) MOOC

- Synchronized (*Coursera*), Nonsynchronized
- (*Khan Math, Udacity*)
- Noninteractive online content (audio + text/video)
- Interactive robot-graded exercises (no other content in the case of *codeacademy* and *MIT appinventor*)
- Peer-to-peer chat forum/discussion board with/without moderator

(3) MOOC, but with phone-in instructor help

- *Florida Virtual School*

(4) Socratic style interactive distance lectures w/ conferencing or chatblazer

- *Art of problem solving*
- Delivered realtime by one instructor (two helpers per “section” of 30 students), and 4 hand-graded project assignment

Online (distance only)

Four types of online distance paradigms:

(1) Web-based textbooks with web assignments

(2) MOOC

- *Coursera, Khan Math, Udacity*
- Noninteractive online content (audio + text/video)
- Interactive robot-graded exercises (only these in the case of *codeacademy and MIT appinventor*)
- Peer-to-peer chat forum/discussion board with/without moderator

(3) 100% automated, with phone-in instructor help

- *Florida Virtual School*

(4) Socratic style interactive distance lectures on chatblazer

- *Art of problem solving*
- Delivered by one instructor and two helpers, to a class of 30, and 4 hand-graded project assignment

Online (distance only)

- Cost

- Web-based textbooks with web assignments (comparable to textbooks)

MOOC *Coursera, Khan Math, Udacity* (startup cost, \$30K per course, one TA salary for 200 participants, one IT person salary for 1000 participants. For student: free unless discussion participant, need certification etc.)

- Automated course with telephone access to instructor and some hand-grading. *Florida virtual school* (\$500 per student for a semester course at K-12 level)

- Socratic style interactive distance lectures a class of 30, and 4 hand-graded project assignments. *Art of problem solving* (\$300 per student for a quarter course)

Online(distance) positives



- ▮ Animated textbook
- ▮ Exercises as games
- ▮ Increased access to interaction with worldwide peers and experts
- ▮ Open/crowd sourced development and improvement of a searchable database of instructional material for standardized courses of study
- ▮ Large scale student response data (in easily analyzable format) for
- ▮ Understanding how people learn
- ▮ Can support “flipping the classroom” teaching methods

Online (distance) Issues

- Does not offer the standard level of support even of large face-to-face courses
 - An expert prof to run the course and one TA for every 30 or so students, hands-on discussion/lab
- **Question 1:** What are the student and content characteristics needed to ensure quality?
- **Question 2:** How are the students to be authentically evaluated and certified at a distance without a proctor?

... Online(distance) Issues

· Plausible answer to Question 1

- **Student:** well above average resourcefulness, discipline, self-confidence to self-assess learning effectiveness without hand-holding
Qualities not measurable as quantities – but can be statistically defined as 5% of the population
- **Course content:** entry level, not requiring depth of conceptual understanding, course just provides some practice and experience (course not major / minor in)

· Answer to Question 2

- Difficult, unsolved problem

Links

Web textbooks with interactive exercises:

<http://www.pearsonhighered.com/pearsonhigheredus/in>

Other Online species

- Take a step back: What does a course consist of?
- **Unbundle** according to:
Content delivery and Interaction /Discussion
 - Assessment towards feedback or credit – how is it done?
 - Assessment toward credit – who does it?
 - Accreditation of the Course – who does it?
- **Mix and Match** according to
 - **Course content**
(for an experience-report on **flipped classroom**, see <http://www.cise.ufl.edu/~sitharam/flippingtheory.pdf>)
 - **Budget ...**

Unbundling Education

Table 1: **Unbundling Course Delivery**

		face-to-face	distance
no interaction	live	performing arts	fast-changing areas
	recorded	??	\$
blog, e-mail, forum	student-student		\$
	student-teacher	?	\$\$\$
	students-teacher	?	\$\$\$
interactive	student-student	\$\$	\$
	student-teacher	\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$
	students-teacher	\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$

Table 2: **Unbundling Assessment**

		face-to-face	distance
no interaction	teacher grading/proctor	on campus \$\$\$	\$\$
	automated grading/proctor	??	\$
blog, e-mail, forum	student-student		\$
	student-teacher	?	\$\$\$
	students-teacher	?	\$\$\$
interactive	student-student	\$\$	\$
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Unbundling Education

Unbundling Student Assessment towards Credit: Who does it?

- Content deliverer
- Employer
- Independent standardized testing
-

□

Unbundling Education

Unbundling Accreditation: Who does it?

- “Brand”: a cooperative of content deliverers
- Employers
- Independent accreditors

□

Case Studies

Cheap

- SJSU
- <http://chronicle.com/article/The-Document-an-Open-Letter/138937/>
- <https://www.udacity.com/collegecredit>
- GaTech
- <https://www.udacity.com/georgiatech>
- FL SB 904 rolled into HB 7029
- <http://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2013/7029>

Look for: <http://www.pearsonvue.com/>

Case Studies

Not Bad (blended online, closed)

- Duke via 2U <http://2u.com/>
- Udemy <https://www.udemy.com/>

--Florida Virtual Campus <http://www.flvc.org>

Your Rights Issues and Concerns

- You are
 - content creator
 - content presenter
 - owner ?

IP ownership

Legal Wild West

- You might think it all belongs to you
- The university wants it all

Who decides?

The University of Florida Case

- The Deputy General Counsel says:
 - Your online course belongs to UF
- The CBA says:
 - It belongs to you unless
 - UF commissioned it AND
 - UF paid you specifically for it
- No case has been tested yet

The University of Florida Case

· http://www.uffacultycontract.org/new/archive/2010-2013_UFF-UF

Georgia Tech Masters in CS with Udacity

- Interesting deal, appears reasonable for faculty

[http://
www.insidehighered.com/news/2013/05/28/documents-shed-l](http://www.insidehighered.com/news/2013/05/28/documents-shed-l)

Food for Thought

- Safe option: use your own resources even if you plan a free and open course
- Incidental use of university resources *may* be OK

What the Future Holds

- Familiarize yourself with the technology
- Actively promote awareness of fragility of IP ownership
- No issue is fully settled – they continue to evolve

Get faculty involved in discussions!

Comment by a Workshop Attendee

When dealing with online “revolution” we can collectively choose to:

- Be in the driver’s seat
- Be in the passenger’s seat
- Be in the trunk

**Get faculty involved
in discussions now!**

Thank you